

Sample 1000 Adult Interviews
 Conducted January 12 - 13, 2016
 Margin of Error ±4.1%

1. How closely have you been following the escape and recent capture of the Mexican drug lord Joaquin Guzman, often referred to as "El Chapo"?

Very closely	11%
Somewhat closely	40%
Not very closely	25%
Not at all closely	20%
Not sure	3%

2. Do you support or oppose the United States seeking the extradition of Guzman to face federal drug and murder charges in the United States?

Support	65%
Oppose	8%
Not sure	27%

3. Much of Mexico, particularly in northern areas bordering the United States, has seen significant violence in the past decade as drug cartels fight for control of smuggling routes into the United States. Who do you think should have the main responsibility to stop the Mexican-American drug trade?

The Mexican government	43%
The American government	33%
Not sure	25%

4. Who do you believe has a greater personal responsibility for the Mexican-American drug trade?

Mexican drug traffickers	39%
American drug consumers	36%
Not sure	25%

5. How common do you think it is for drug cartels to successfully bribe or intimidate Mexican law enforcement officials?

Very common	67%
Somewhat common	17%
Somewhat rare	3%
Very rare	1%
Not sure	13%

6. How common do you think it is for drug cartels to successfully bribe or intimidate American law enforcement officials?

Very common	23%
Somewhat common	37%
Somewhat rare	18%
Very rare	6%
Not sure	16%

Interviewing Dates	January 12 - 13, 2016
Target population	U.S. adults, aged 18 and over.
Sampling method	Respondents were selected from YouGov's opt-in Internet panel using sample matching. A random sample (stratified by age, gender, race, education, and region) was selected from the 2010 American Community Study. Voter registration was imputed from the November 2010 Current Population Survey Registration and Voting Supplement. Religion, minor party identification, and non-placement on an ideology scale, were imputed from the 2008 Pew Religion in American Life Survey.
Weighting	The sample was weighted using propensity scores based on age, gender, race, education, voter registration, and non-placement on an ideology scale. The weights range from 0.173 to 4.106, with a mean of one and a standard deviation of 0.85.
Number of respondents	1000
Margin of error	± 4.1% (adjusted for weighting)
Survey mode	Web-based interviews
Questions not reported	20 questions not reported.